

NMTEACH SCHOOL DATA PROFILE— ESTABLISHING A CONTEXT FOR LEARNING

GILA HIGH

NEW MEXICO PUBLIC EDUCATION DEPARTMENT SCHOOL YEAR 2015-2016

	Preparing for the Meeting with Your Principal Mentee
1.	What do the school and district data tell you?
2.	What other data would you recommend your mentee gather and review?
3.	As you review the provided work samples from your mentee, what strengths will you celebrate with your mentee? How can you build in the positive aspects of your mentee's work into your initial meeting?
4.	As you review the provided work samples, what has your mentee missed? Your mentee is struggling to complete the resources that he/she wants to use with staff. What suggestions will you give to assist your mentee in finalizing these products? What samples can you bring to show what you have used with your staff?
5.	Review your mentee's progress on the 5 Why's data analysis. Your superintendent has asked your mentee to complete a data review, and your mentee has selected the 4 Why's strategy. How can you add to the resource to help clarify the process for your mentee? What other data review strategy would you suggest to your mentee?
6.	Review your mentee's draft principal's syllabus and 90 day plan for math. What suggestions would you make to ensure that the two resources are connected? What strategies do you use to communicate priorities or school improvement goals with your faculty throughout the year? How will you guide your mentee to maintain focus with his/her staff?

7. What suggestions will you give to your mer	itee to engage teachers in the review of data
and the creation of plans to support improv	/ement?
and the creation of plans to support improve	rement:
9 Identify talking points for your mosting wit	h your principal montos
8. Identify talking points for your meeting wit	n your principal mentee.
Strengths:	Suggestions:

Gila Municipal School District

General Info and History

The Gila Municipal School District's attendance area covers just over 1,000 square miles in New Mexico. Twelve hundred and ten students attend our three schools – Gila Elementary, Gila Middle and Gila High; just about one-third of our students are Anglo, one-third Hispanic and one-third are Native American. All schools are accredited by the State of New Mexico.

A great area to live and raise a family, the Gila Municipal School District is located close to the state's largest city, Albuquerque, yet far enough away to have plenty of open space to hike, camp and fish. Reservoirs, rivers, wilderness areas, national parks, and millions of acres of forest provide limitless opportunities for recreation.

The school district is surrounded by mountain ranges although the local terrain is primarily rolling plateaus and mesas. The average rainfall is 5 inches yearly with a mild average annual temperature of 51 degrees and low humidity.

The people in the area are a diverse group that share common values of church, family, independence, and advocate for excellence in education.

Quality Education is a priority of our district schools and we offer an excellent, highly academic environment. Over 44% of the graduating seniors receive scholarships for post-secondary study. Class sizes in grades K-3 average 19 students. Full counseling and nursing services are available in each school.

Starting salaries for teachers is \$33,927 and fringe benefits include health, vision, dental and life insurance and a state retirement plan.

Vison, Mission and Core Values

Vision – To educate our students to be responsible, productive members of a culturally diverse world.

Mission – To provide a quality learning community focused on the unique needs and goals of our students.

Core Values

- Educational excellence and achievement
- Cultural diversity
- Dignity and respect
- Education as a shared community responsibility
- Safe and equitable environment
- Accountability

Gila High School

Overview

- Gila High School (GHS) is a four-year public high school, enrolling approximately 800 students in grades 9 through 12. There are 32.5 highly qualified teachers at GHS.
- The school colors are Green and Blue and the mascot is the Black Bear.
- A wide variety of activities, sports and clubs are available to students. We often have men's and women's Junior Varsity and Varsity teams for fall, winter and spring sports.
- Approximately 40% of our students are Native American, 30% are Hispanic and 28% are Caucasian.
- GHS is a Title I school.
- Curriculum
 - The academic program is organized on a 7 period day.
 - We offer mandatory intervention and enrichment classes twice a week, and require a smaller group mentoring period with a teacher/staff member once a week.
 - Honors and Advanced Placement (AP) classes are on a 5 point scale and we offer
 Dual Enrollment classes with our local Community College.
 - Some of the advanced classes offered are: AP English classes, Calculus, College Economics, Honors Anatomy and Physiology, Honors World History/Geography, Honors Biology, Spanish 3 and Spanish 4.
 - o 25 credits are required to graduate from GHS plus additional state requirements.

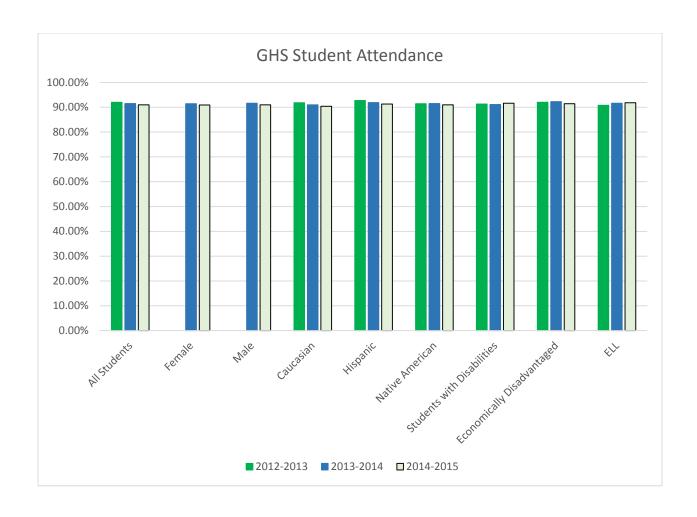
Data

Percent of Families with High School Students Living in Poverty

2015	17.72%
2014	15.75%
2013	18.93%

Student Attendance

	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015
All Students	92.0%	91.5%	91%
Female	n/a	91.4%	90.9%
Male	n/a	91.6%	91%
Caucasian	91.8%	91.0%	90.4%
Hispanic	92.7%	91.9%	91.3%
Native American	91.4%	91.5%	91.0%
Students with Disabilities	91.3%	91.1%	91.6%
Economically			
Disadvantaged	92.0%	92.3%	91.4%
ELL	90.8%	91.6%	91.8%



Habitual Truancy (More Than 10 Unexcused Absences)

2015	3.86%
2014	2.23%
2013	7.21%

Teacher Absences

2015	462
2014	557
2013	509

Student Achievement Data – Please See School Report Cards



School Grade Report Card 2014

Certified

Final Grade

B

Gila High

District: Gila Municipal Schools

Grade Range: 09 - 12 Code: 12345

This School

Statewide C Benchmark

brade Range: 09 - 12 Code: 12345 Sta	tewide C Benchr	nark	_		
Current Standing			Grade	School Points	Possib Points
How did students perform in the most recent school year? Students are tested on how well they met targets for their grade level.	12.5		С	10.90	30
School Growth					
In the past 3 years did the school increase grade level performance? For example did this year's 10th graders improve over last year's 10th graders?	5.8		D	3.79	10
Student Growth of Highest Performing Students					
How well did the school help individual students improve? The highest performing students are those whose prior scores placed them in the top three quarters (75%) of their school. Individual student growth over the past 3 years is compared to the state	3.6		A	9.96	10
Student Growth of Lowest Performing Students					
How well did the school help individual students improve? The lowest performing students are those whose prior scores placed them in the bottom quarter (25%) of their school. Individual student growth over the past 3 years is compared to the state benchmark.	7 .	7	В	9.28	10
Opportunity to Learn					
Does the school foster an environment that facilitates learning? Are teachers using recognized instructional methods, and do students want to come to school?		5.0	С	6.35	8
Graduation How does the school contribute to on-time graduation? On-time means within 4 years, and to a lesser extent, within 5 and 6 years for students who require longer.		12.8	С	12.72	17
College and Career Readiness					
Are students prepared for what lies ahead after high school? Schools receive credit when students participate in college entrance exams, and coursework leading to dual credit and vocational certification. The school receives additional credit when students meet success goals.		9.0	В	11.23	15
Bonus Points					
Does the school show exceptional aptitude for involving students and parents in education, reducing truancy, and promoting extracurricular activities?	1.6			3.68	5
	2 //		_	Total	
100	3 Year	Final School Grad	_	Points	
<u>\$</u> 75	Average	75.0 to < 100.0 65.0 to < 75.0	A B	67.91	
75 50 25 25 25 26 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27	65.7	50.0 to < 65.0	C	07.91	
25	03.7	35.0 to < 50.0	D		
0	R	0.0 to < 35.0	F		
2012 2013 2014	D				

Details of Each Grade Indicator

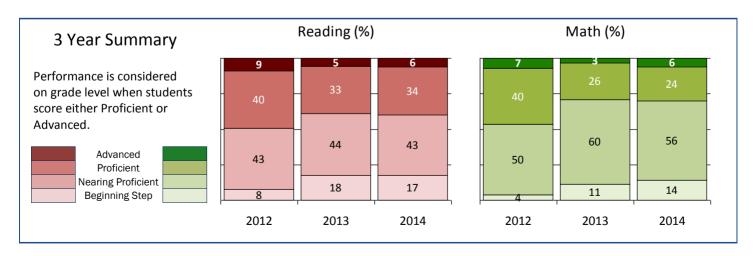
These next pages show the school's results divided into smaller groups to show how specific classes of students are doing. The information explains how a school compares to other schools, and identifies groups within the school that are performing well or that need additional instructional support based on achievement. Points that the school earned on each of the indicators are provided in more detail, and when summed will arrive at the totals on the first page summary.

Current Standing

Knowing how many students are proficient in a given year is a measure of the school's overall success. Single-year performance will vary with differing classes of students. Therefore, Current Standing uses up to 3 years of data to provide a more accurate picture of the school's achievement.

Current Standing is augmented with Value Added Modeling (VAM) by capturing the school's size, student mobility, and prior student performance. Details of VAM can be found in the PED's School Grading Technical Manual at: http://webapp2.ped.state.nm.us/SchoolData/SchoolGrading.aspx.

	All Students		n der M	White	Ra Afr Amer	ce / Eth	nicity Asian	Am Indian	Economically Disadvantaged	Students with Disabilities	English Language Learners	
Reading Proficient and Advanced (%) Proficient and Advanced (Pts) Value Added Model (Pts)	39.8 4.35 1.30	46.2	33.9	53.0	-	39.5	-	29.4	36.3	16.7	7.9	14.3
Math Proficient and Advanced (%)	30.2	28.0	32.3	43.6	_	28.6	_	19.9	26.1	13.9	7.9	19.0
Proficient and Advanced (Pts) Value Added Model (Pts)												



School Growth

School growth compares the students enrolled in the current year to students from prior years. While these are partly different sets of students, the school that is improving will do a better job each year of impacting their achievement. Unlike Current Standing, School Growth accounts for improvement of all students, not just those reaching proficient.

School Growth is augmented with Value Added Modeling (VAM) which accounts for the school's size, student mobility, and prior student performance. Details of VAM can be found in the PED"s School Grading Technical Manual at: http://webapp2.ped.state.nm.us/SchoolData/SchoolGrading.aspx

Difference from Expected Growth (SS Points)

Points Earned

Reading	Math
0.494	0.253
2.17	1.62

School Growth is shown in scaled score points, which range from 0 to 80 for both reading and math. A school that grows an average of +2 scaled score points a year shows that the school is generally improving their ability to increase student achievement.

Student Growth

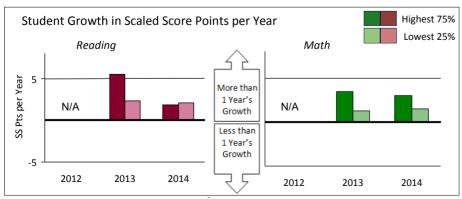
Just like schools, individual student achievement is expected to improve over time. Student growth is shown as the average change in scaled score (SS) points per year, and is averaged for all students in each group for up to 3 years. Student groups are further divided into highest and lowest performing subgroups.

Scores on the assessment range from 0 to 80, and a score of 40 indicates that a student is proficient or on grade level. A student's prior test scores are used to estimate how the student should perform today. When growth is positive (+) students score better than expected in the current year:

- Above 0 means that the group, in general, scored higher than expected. This is an exciting finding, especially when students are below the proficiency line, because they are closing the achievement gap and catching up to their higher-performing classmates.
- Near 0 means that the group scored about as expected. While some students may have performed better than anticipated (positive growth), they were equally balanced by students that did poorer (negative growth).
- Below 0 means that the group performed below expectations and students are losing ground when compared to their peers.

Details of Student Growth and scaled scores are explained in the Technical Guide on the PED website: http://webapp2.ped.state.nm.us/SchoolData/SchoolGrading.aspx

			Ger	der						tace / E	thnic	ity				_		Stude		Englis		Redesig	
	All Students	Fem	مادر	Ma	مار	Whi	tο		ican erican	Hispa	anic	Asia	an .	Am India		Ecor Disac		wit Disabil		Langua Learne	_	Engli Profici	
	Students								nge			Ran						Range		Range		Range	
Reading Growth		Kai	nge	Rar	ige	Ran	ige	Κd	nge	Ran	ge	KdI	ige	Rang	ge	Rang	ge	Kang	е	Kang	;e	Kang	е
Reduing Growth																							
Highest 75% (SS/Yr)	1.9	-4.5	2	-4.6	4	-4.4	1	-	-	-4.6	3	-	-	-4.7	4	-4.6	3	-4.7	4	-4.9	6	-4.8	6
Highest 75% (Pts)	4.96																						
Lowest 25% (SS/Yr)	2.1	-4.9	6	-4.9	6	-4.7	4	-	-	-5.0	7	-	-	-4.9	7	-4.9	7	-5.2	9	-5.3	-1.0	-4.7	5
Lowest 25% (Pts)	4.71																						
Math Growth																							
Highest 75% (SS/Yr)	3.0	-4.0	.1	-3.8	.3	-3.7	.4	-	-	-4.0	.1	-	-	-4.1	.0	-4.0	.1	-4.1	.0	-4.4	3	-4.1	.0
Highest 75% (Pts)	5.00																						
Lowest 25% (SS/Yr)	1.5	-3.9	.2	-3.8	.3	-3.8	.3	-	-	-3.8	.3	-	-	-3.9	.2	-3.8	.3	-4.0	.1	-4.3	1	-	-
Lowest 25% (Pts)	4.57																						



Remaining Gap Between Highest and Lowest
Performing Students in 2014
Scaled Score Differences

Reading 13.0 Math 11.0

Growth for lower performing students must be sufficient to meaningfully close the achievement gap. Minimums required annually are:

Math +1.3 per year Reading +1.7 per year Opportunity to Learn (OTL)

The successful school invites students to be part of a thriving learning culture that uses proven teaching methods. A school's learning environment is reflected in a survey of classroom practices (OTL Survey) and in student attendance.

		Ger	nder	Race / Ethnicity					Students		Redesignated	
	All Students	F	М	White	Afr Amer	Hisp	Asian	Am Indian	Economically Disadvant	with Disabilities	Language Learners	English Proficient
OTL Attendance (Student Average)	95.4	95.3	95.4	95.8	-	94.7	-	95.6	95.2	95.4	95.3	94.6
OTL Attendance (Points Earned)	3.01											
OTL Survey (Points Formed)	31.2	31.1	31.3	30.9	-	30.6	-	32.1	31.6	30.3	33.8	30.9
OTL Survey (Points Earned)	3.34					f 0	/NI	-\ + - - /	.	1-1 1		2.5
OTL Survey Questions Reading					_				Always), with n teaching pr		score of	2.5.
My teacher introduces a new topic by connecting to things I already know.	3.0	3.0	2.9	3.0	-	2.9	-	3.1	3.0	2.8	3.0	3.0
2. My teacher explains why what we are learning is important.	3.1	3.1	3.2	2.9	-	3.1	-	3.4	3.2	3.4	3.6	3.3
3. My teacher explains how learning a new topic is a foundation for other topics.	2.8	2.7	2.9	2.7	-	2.6	-	2.9	2.8	3.0	2.8	2.9
4. Every student gets a chance to answer questions.	3.6	3.5	3.6	3.9	-	3.6	-	3.2	3.5	2.9	3.2	3.6
5. My teacher wants me to explain my answers.	3.7	3.8	3.7	3.7	-	3.8	-	3.8	3.8	3.2	3.6	3.7
6. My teacher knows when I understand, and when I do not.	2.9	2.9	3.0	2.9	-	2.9	-	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.4	2.9
7. My teacher explains things in different ways so everyone can understand.	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.2	-	3.2	-	3.5	3.3	3.3	3.9	3.4
8. My teacher gives me helpful feedback on work I turn in.	3.4	3.6	3.3	3.4	-	3.2	-	3.6	3.4	3.2	3.9	3.2
9. My teacher checks our understanding.	3.0	2.9	3.1	3.0	-	2.9	-	3.1	3.0	2.9	3.6	2.7
10. My teacher takes the time to summarize what we learn each day.	3.0	3.0	2.9	3.0	-	2.9	-	3.1	3.0	2.5	2.9	2.3
OTL Survey Questions Math												
My teacher introduces a new topic by connecting to things I already know.	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.1	-	3.0	-	3.1	3.1	3.0	3.0	2.6
My teacher explains why what we are learning is important.	2.6	2.5	2.7	2.6	-	2.5	-	2.8	2.6	3.2	3.1	2.4
3. My teacher explains how learning a new topic is a foundation for other topics.	2.8	2.7	2.9	2.8	-	2.7	-	2.9	2.7	3.1	2.9	2.3
4. Every student gets a chance to answer questions.	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.7	-	3.5	-	3.0	3.3	2.9	3.0	3.3
5. My teacher wants me to explain my answer	s. 3.7	3.7	3.7	3.6	-	3.8	-	3.7	3.7	3.9	3.7	3.5
6. My teacher knows when I understand, and when I do not.	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.5	-	2.7	-	2.8	2.7	3.2	2.9	2.4
My teacher explains things in different ways so everyone can understand.	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.8	-	2.9	-	3.1	2.9	3.4	3.1	2.5
8. My teacher gives me helpful feedback on work I turn in.	2.3	2.1	2.5	2.3	-	2.3	-	2.4	2.3	3.0	2.8	2.2
9. My teacher checks our understanding.	2.9	2.7	3.0	2.9	-	2.8	-	2.9	2.8	2.9	2.9	2.1
10. My teacher takes the time to summarize what we learn each day.	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.1	-	3.0	-	3.1	3.1	3.2	2.9	2.3

4 or 5, Rated High 2 or 3, Rated Mid 0 or 1, Rated Low

Graduation

Students are expected to graduate in 4 years. However, some students require longer and are captured in 5-year and 6-year rates. Similar to School Growth, the expectation is that the school increase the percent of successful 4-year graduates over time.

SAM schools (Supplemental Accountability Model) are a subset of schools that target returning dropouts or students with disabilities. These schools receive an additional rate that reflects their ability to graduate any student, not just cohort members, in a given year. Details of the federally approved graduation rules are in the Graduation Technical Manual on the PED website

		Gend	der		R	ace / Eth	nnicity			Students	English	Redesignated
	All	_			Afr			Am	Economically	with	Language	English
	Students	F	М	White	Amer	Hisp	Asian	Indian	Disadvantaged	Disabilities	Learners	Proficient
Cohort of 2013 - 4-Year Rate	2											
Percent Graduating	77.0	79.4	74.9	83.2	-	78.4	-	70.4	68.2	51.9	66.3	N/A
Points Earned	6.16											
Cohort of 2012 - 5-Year Rate	2											
Percent Graduating	70.8	72.1	69.3	67.8	-	77.5	-	70.6	65.7	62.0	70.7	N/A
Points Earned	2.12											
Cohort of 2011 - 6-Year Rate	?											
Percent Graduating	74.4	74.5	74.2	79.8	-	73.0	-	71.6	65.0	49.2	60.6	N/A
Points Earned	1.49											
Growth in 4-Year Rates	Growt	h Index (Increas	e)	5	SAM	Rates	SA	n (%)			
Value Added Modeling takes into account the school's prior 3 years.	Points	Earned		2.9	95		This	school di	d not qualify to	be a SAM scl	nool.	

College and Career Readiness (CCR)

High school students are expected to participate in at least one college or career readiness program. These activities include one of the following:

- 1) College entrance assessments (SAT, SAT Subject Test, PSAT, ACT, PLAN, Compass, or Accuplacer)
- 2) Evidence that the student can pass a college level course (Advanced Placement, Dual Credit, or IB)
- 3) Eligibility for an industry recognized certification (Career Technical Education, SAM School Supplemental)
 Points are given separately for students' participation and for their success. To be considered successful students must meet established benchmarks. Details are in the School Grading Technical Guide on the PED website at http://webapp2.ped.state.nm.us/SchoolData/SchoolGrading.aspx.

CCR follows the Shared Accountability model used for cohort graduation rates. Cohorts are fully described in the Graduation Technical Manual on the PED website at http://ped.state.nm.us/Graduation/index.html.

50% or Higher			Gei	nder		Ra	ce / Eth	nicity			Students	English	Redesignated
20% -50% Below 20%		All Students	F	М	White	Afr Amer	Hisp	Asian	Am Indian	Economically Disadvantaged	with Disabilities	Language Learners	
Participation (% of Coho	ort)	68.7	72.7	65.3	75.2	>98.0	71.8	-	60.4	61.2	37.8	57.1	N/A
Participation (Pts)		3.4											
Success (% of Participan	nts)	78.0	71.6	84.0	90.3	>98.0	70.5	-	72.9	70.3	56.7	65.7	N/A
Success (Pts)		7.8											
Percent of School's C	ohort c	f 2013											
Participating	АСТ	447	F4.0	25.0	47.7	-2.0	47.4		20.0	25.6	10.1	21.1	
in Each	ACT	44.7	54.9	35.9	47.7	<2.0	47.4	-	39.8	35.6	19.1	31.1	-
CCR Opportunity	PLAN	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	-	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	-
	SAT	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	-	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	-
	PSAT	10.2	13.5	7.5	13.8	<2.0	6.7	-	10.4	3.1	<2.0	3.4	-
	uPlacer	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	-	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	-
Advanced Place	cement	5.3	9.0	2.0	6.7	<2.0	3.3	-	5.8	3.5	<2.0	2.5	-
Dua	l Credit	40.2	42.9	37.9	50.4	>98.0	35.5	-	35.7	33.1	17.6	28.7	-
International Baccala	aureate	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	-	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	-
Career Technical Ed	ucation	18.9	9.3	27.1	24.0	>98.0	18.8	-	14.6	13.9	18.8	18.3	-
Co	ompass	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	-	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	-
SAT Subje	ect Test	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	-	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	-
SAM School Supple	mental	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	-	2.6	2.0	3.4	<2.0	<2.0

Bonus Points

While most schools provide a sampling of athletics, club participation opportunities, and parent meetings, a few schools stand out among the rest. These schools are recognized for their extraordinary dedication to keeping students invested in school, and their efforts in empowering parents to engage actively in their child's education. Bonus points indicate those schools that have gone above and beyond the others.

Student Engagemer	∠ St	udent	Enga	gemer	١t
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✓	Parental	Engagemen
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✓ Extracurricular Activities

☐ Truancy Improvement

Supplemental Information

Similar Schools

While statewide comparisons are helpful, schools may want to see how they rank next to their peers that have similar students and settings. The figures below show how this school contrasts with other schools in the state that are most like it in student characteristics.

Schools are grouped into categories that have similar proportions of English language learners (ELL), students with disabilities (SWD), ethnicities, economically disadvantaged (ED), and mobile students. Different schools are in each category set. A composite score incorporates all categories into a general measure of at-risk students. Higher ranking schools had more points in that indicator.

Ranks High Ranks Mid						Schoo	l Rank					
Ranks Low	Ε	ELL		VD	Ethr	nicity	Ε	D	Мо	bility	Comp	oosite
Students (% Tested)	10	0.3	10	0.4	6	9.5	62	.4	9	.8		
	Rank	Total	Rank	Total	Rank	Total	Rank	Total	Rank	Total	Rank	Total
Current Standing	19	(35)	19	(35)	26	(35)	29	(35)	23	(35)	29	(35)
School Growth	27	(35)	27	(35)	33	(35)	30	(35)	27	(35)	30	(35)
Student Growth, Highest 75%	15	(35)	6	(35)	8	(35)	8	(35)	8	(35)	10	(35)
Student Growth, Lowest 25%	17	(35)	9	(35)	10	(35)	10	(35)	14	(35)	10	(35)
Opportunity to Learn	18	(35)	22	(35)	22	(35)	26	(35)	19	(35)	20	(35)
Graduation	9	(35)	8	(35)	9	(35)	6	(35)	9	(35)	6	(35)
College and Career Readiness	15	(35)	22	(35)	21	(35)	22	(35)	19	(35)	19	(35)

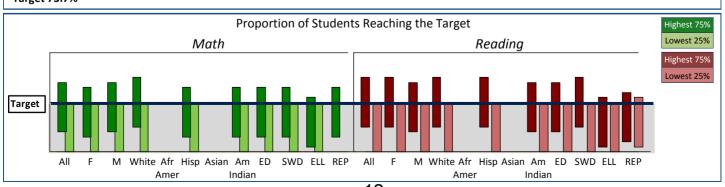
School Growth Targets

Customized targets, called School Growth Targets (SGTs), guide a school's path toward proficiency. These goals increase every year and challenge schools to identify student groups that might be struggling to keep up with their peers. Students who are not proficient but have made large enough gains to become proficient in the next 3 years are considered "on track" to proficiency and are included in the percentages below.

		All Students	Gen F	der M	White	Ra Afr Amer	ce / Eth	nicity Asian	Am Indian	Economically Disadvantaged	Students with Disabilities	English Language Learners	Redesignated English Proficient
Reading Target 61.0%	Highest 75% (%) Lowest 25% (%)		52.2 4.5	40.4 1.8	54.2 4.8	- -	47.7 3.2	- -	37.1 2.1	44.0 2.9	50.0 .0	11.8 .0	18.2 10.0
Math Target 55.0%	Highest 75% (% Lowest 25% (%)		34.1 1.9	40.0 1.9	48.9 4.0	-	34.1 2.9	- -	27.5 .0	31.9 2.7	33.3 .0	11.8 .0	28.6

Graduation Target 73.7%

For high schools graduation rates for the Cohort of 2013 are available on page 5.



Participation Schools must include all of their enrolled students in the annual statewide assessment. If the percentage of the All Students group is less than 95%, the school's letter grade is reduced by one grade. Supplemental Accountability Schools (SAM) and small schools with fewer than 40 students receive special consideration.

	Gen	der							Students	English	Redesignated
All				Afr			Am	Economically	with	Language	English
Student	s F	М	White	Amer	Hisp	Asian	Indian	Disadvantaged	Disabilities	Learners	Proficient
Reading (%) >98.0	>98.0	>98.0	>98.0	-	>98.0	-	>98.0	>98.0	>98.0	>98.0	-
Math (%) >98.0	>98.0	>98.0	>98.0	-	>98.0	-	>98.0	>98.0	>98.0	>98.0	-

School History

Student performance over time can demonstrate the success of interventions and school reform. Scaled scores (SS) range from 0 to 80, and 40 is the threshold for proficiency (on grade level). For a more detailed history see the NMPED website: http://www.ped.state.nm.us/AssessmentAccountability/AcademicGrowth/NMSBA.html

		All Students	Ge n	i der M	White	Ra Afr Amer	r ce / Eth Hisp	A sian	Am Indian	Economically Disadvantaged	Students with Disabilities	English Language Learners	Redesignated English Proficient
Reading	2014 (Avg SS)	36.6	37.7	35.6	40.0	-	36.8	-	33.6	35.5	25.7	26.6	32.4
	2013 (Avg SS)	37.8	39.0	36.6	40.6	-	37.6	-	35.7	36.9	27.8	30.4	33.9
	2012 (Avg SS)	39.5	40.2	38.9	41.8	-	40.0	-	37.0	37.8	-	31.3	34.2
Math	2014 (Avg SS)	35.6	34.6	36.5	38.2	-	35.7	-	33.2	34.8	28.2	26.4	33.4
	2013 (Avg SS)	35.6	35.0	36.1	38.0	-	35.0	-	34.3	34.9	27.5	30.3	33.4
	2012 (Avg SS)	39.1	38.7	39.5	42.7	-	38.8	-	36.1	36.3	-	27.7	35.2

Student

Students that are prepared and progress to a higher grade each year (matriculate) indicate that your school is successfully moving students toward graduation. However, if the school's achievement in Reading and Math is subpar, and yet most students are **Promotion** being promoted, the school may be inattentive to a student's need to repeat grade-level instruction before moving on.

Percent of students scoring Beginning Step (lowest) in the		Ge	nder		Ra	ice / Eth	nicity			Students	English	Redesignated
prior year advancing to the	All				Afr			Am	Economically	with	Language	English
next grade .	Students	F	М	White	Amer	Hisp	Asian	Indian	Disadvantaged	Disabilities	Learners	Proficient
Grade 9 to Grade 10 (%)	18.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grade 10 to Grade 11 (%)	84.4	87.5	82.8	-	-	>98.0	-	86.4	86.2	71.4	-	-
Grade 11 to Grade 12 (%)	>98.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

End Notes

- 1 The Statewide C grade was established in the first year of school grading as the midpoint of all schools. It was fixed in 2011 as the framework for all future letter grades and is not recalculated each year.
- 2 Final letter grades are established at the 90th and 50th percentiles, which represent 75 and 50 points respectively. For high schools that do not have members of 4-year 5-year or 6-year graduation cohorts, the scale is abbreviated and letter grades are adjusted to account for the school's remaining non-cohort indicators or non-cohort years. However high schools that were graded on this restricted scale have their points adjusted upward to the 100 point scale in order to report 3-year averages.
- 3 A dash is substituted where a school has too few students (N<10) to meet confidentiality requirements for reporting.
- 4 Feeder schools are schools that do not have students in tested grades 3-8, 10, or 11. These school are rated using the performance of their alumni.
- 5 Redesignated English Proficient are students that were once English Language Learners and have since become fluent. New Mexico began this reporting category in 2012 and some data systems have not yet caught up. These fields are marked with "N/A" (not yet available).
- 6 During the 2013-2014 school year, schools across New Mexico piloted assessments on computers. To recognize these efforts, schools that offered the SBA on computers received bonus credit based on the number of students participating.



School Grade Report Card 2015 Certified

Final Grade

D

Gila High

District: Gila Municipal Schools
Grade Range: 09 - 12 Code: 12345

This School
Statewide C Benchmark

		mark			
Current Standing			Grade	School Points	Possible Points
How did students perform in the most recent school year? Students are tested on how well they met targets for their grade level.	12.5		F	4.28	30
School Growth					
In the past 3 years, did the school as a whole increase performance? For example, did a schoolwide reading program advance reading scores over the prior years?	5.8		F	2.11	10
Student Growth of Highest Performing Students					
How well did the school help individual students improve? The highest performing students are those whose prior scores placed them in the top three quarters (75%) of their school. Individual student growth over the past 3 years is compared to the state benchmark.	3.6		D	1.94	10
Student Growth of Lowest Performing Students					
How well did the school help individual students improve? The lowest performing students are those whose prior scores placed them in the bottom quarter (25%) of their school. Individual student growth over the past 3 years is compared to the state benchmark.	7	.7	F	1.86	10
Opportunity to Learn					
Does the school foster an environment that facilitates learning? Are teachers using recognized instructional methods, and do students want to come to school?		6.0	В	6.52	8
Graduation How does the school contribute to on-time graduation? On-time means within 4 years, and, to a lesser extent, within 5 and 6 years for students who require longer.		12.8	D	11.14	17
College and Career Readiness Are students prepared for what lies ahead after high school? Schools receive credit when students participate in college entrance exams and coursework leading to dual credit and vocational certification. The school receives additional credit when students meet success goals.	1	9.0	В	10.74	15
Bonus Points Does the school show exceptional aptitude for involving students and parents in education, reducing truancy, and promoting extracurricular activities?	1.6			4.88	5
	2 V-c	1		Total	
100	3-Year	Final School Grad 75.0 to < 100.0	de A	Points	
75	Average	65.0 to < 75.0	В	43.47	
75 le 150 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	61.9	50.0 to < 65.0	С	73.4/	
25	01.5	35.0 to < 50.0	D		
0		0.0 to < 35.0	F		
2013 2014 2015					
		1			

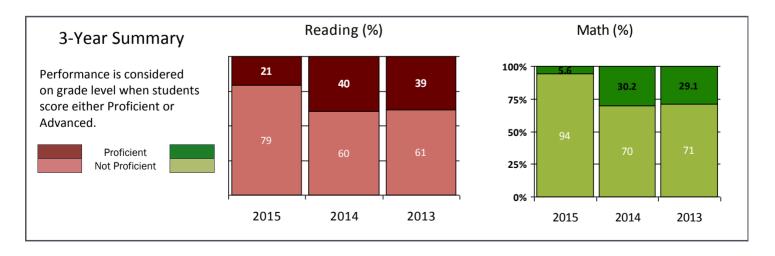
Details of Each Grade Indicator

These next pages show the school's results divided into smaller groups to show how specific classes of students are doing. The information explains how a school compares to other schools, and identifies groups within the school that are performing well or that need additional instructional support based on achievement. Points that the school earned on each of the indicators are provided in more detail, and when summed will arrive at the totals on the first page summary.

Current Standing

Knowing how many students are proficient in a given year is a measure of the school's overall success. Single-year performance will vary with differing classes of students. Therefore, Current Standing uses up to 3 years of data to provide a more accurate picture of the school's achievement. Current Standing is augmented with Value Added Modeling (VAM) by capturing the school's size, student mobility, and prior student performance. Details of VAM can be found in the PED's School Grading Technical Guide at: http://webapp2.ped.state.nm.us/SchoolData/SchoolGrading.aspx.

	All Students		nder M	White	Race Afr Amer	e / Ethni Hisp	city Asian	Am Indian	Economically Disadvantaged	Students with Disabilities	English Language Learners	
Reading Proficient and Advanced (%) Proficient and Advanced (Pts) Value Added Model (Pts)	20.9 1.04 2.02	22.9	18.6	34.3	<2.0	24.2	<2.0	10.0	14.9	6.8	<2.0	
Math												
Proficient and Advanced (%)	5.6	4.3	7.1	11.6	<2.0	6.8	<2.0	<2.0	2.8	<2.0	<2.0	
Proficient and Advanced (Pts)	0.28											
Value Added Model (Pts)	0.92											



School Growth

School growth compares the students enrolled in the current year to the same students from prior years. Unlike Current Standing, School Growth accounts for improvement of all students, not just those reaching proficient.

Growth in proficiency is calculated with Value Added Modeling (VAM), which accounts for the school's size, student mobility, and prior student performance. Details of VAM can be found in the PED's School Grading Technical Guide at http://webapp2.ped.state.nm.us/SchoolData/SchoolGrading.aspx

	Reading	Math
Value Added Score	-0.700	-0.915
Points Earned	1.21	0.90

School growth is expressed as a score that can be both negative and positive. When it is positive the school performed better than was expected relative to its peers with the same size, mobility, and prior student performance.

Student Growth

Just like schools, individual student achievement is expected to improve over time. Student growth is shown as a value added score (VAS) that accounts for all students in each group for up to 3 years. Student groups are further divided into highest and lowest performing subgroups. Every student's prior test scores are used to estimate how they should perform today.

- Above 0 means that the group, in general, scored higher than expected. This is an exciting finding when students are below the proficiency line, because they are closing the achievement gap and catching up to their higher-performing classmates.
- Near 0 means that the group scored about as expected compared to their academic peers. While some students may have performed better than anticipated (positive growth), they were equally balanced by students that did poorer (negative growth).
- Below 0 means that the group performed below expectations and students are losing ground when compared to their peers.

Details of student growth and value added scores are explained in PED's School Grading Technical Guide at http://webapp2.ped.state.nm.us/SchoolData/SchoolGrading.aspx. Note that separate analytic techniques are used for the school overall and for the subgroups.

	School					Subgrou	ıp Analı	ysis		Students	English
	Overall	Female	Male	White	African American	Hispanic	Asian	Am Indian	Econ Disadv	with Disabilities	Language Learners
Reading Growth											
Highest 75% (VAS)	-0.68	-0.25	-0.34	-0.28	-0.68	-0.29	-0.46	-0.29	-0.28	-0.13	-0.43
Highest 75% (Pts)	1.24										
Lowest 25% (VAS)	-0.75	-0.17	-0.43	-0.33	0.67	-0.43	-	-0.28	-0.28	-0.46	-0.35
Lowest 25% (Pts)	1.12										
Math Growth											
Highest 75% (VAS)	-1.07	-0.08	-0.07	-0.14	0.12	-0.01	-0.33	-0.08	-0.05	-0.10	-0.01
Highest 75% (Pts)	0.71										
Lowest 25% (VAS)	-1.04	-0.21	-0.02	0.06	-2.91	-0.16	-	-0.12	-0.16	-0.06	-0.22
Lowest 25% (Pts)	0.73										

Opportunity to

Learn (OTL)

The successful school invites students to be part of a thriving learning culture that uses proven teaching methods. A school's learning environment is reflected in a survey of classroom practices and in student attendance.

		Gend	er		Race /	Ethnicit	y			Students	English
St	All tudents	F	М	White	Afr Amer	Hisp	Asian	Am Indian	Economically Disadvantaged	with Language	
(0 /	95.9 3.03	96.0	95.8	96.0	-	95.7	-	96.1	95.8	96.1	96.3

Survey (Average	31.4	Surveys consisted of ten questions with answers from 0 (Never) to 5 (Always),	Reading	34.0
Survey (Point	s) 3.5	yielding a maximum score of 50. A typical question includes "My teacher introduces a new lesson by reminding us of things we already know." Schools that scored higher	Math	28.8
Count of Surveys (N	l) 1,225	demonstrated better classroom teaching practices.	General	NA

Graduation

Students are expected to graduate in 4 years. However, some students require longer and are captured in 5-year and 6-year rates. Similar to school and student growth, the expectation is that the school increase the percent of successful 4-year graduates over time. SAM (Supplemental Accountability Model) schools are a subset of schools that target returning dropouts or students with disabilities. These schools receive an additional rate that reflects their ability to graduate any student, not just cohort members, in a given year. Details of the federally approved graduation rules are in the Graduation Technical Manual on the PED website at: http://ped.state.nm.us/Graduation/index.html.

		Gend	der		Ra	ce / Eth	nicity			Students	English
	All Students	F	М	White	Afr Amer	Hisp	Asian	Am Indian	Economically Disadvantaged	with Disabilities	Language Learners
Cohort of 2014 - 4-Year Rate											
Cohort Graduation (%) Non-Cohort Graduation (%)	64.6 -	72.8	57.0	65.5	-	65.3	-	65.4	58.7	49.5	47.1
SAM Adjustment (Weighted %)					This	school	did not	qualify to b	e a SAM scho	ool.	
Points Earned	5.16										
Cohort of 2013 - 5-Year Rate											
Graduation (%)	76.9	79.5	74.6	83.2	-	78.6	-	69.9	68.0	51.3	65.6
Points Earned	2.3										
Cohort of 2012 - 6-Year Rate											
Graduation (%)	70.8	72.1	69.3	67.8	-	77.5	-	70.6	65.7	62.0	70.7
Points Earned	1.4										

Growth in 4-Year Rates		
Growth takes into account three years of	Growth Index	13
graduation rates.	Points Earned	2.25

College and Career Readiness (CCR)

High school students are expected to participate in at least one college or career readiness program. These activities include one of the following:

- 1) College entrance assessments (SAT, SAT Subject Test, PSAT, ACT, PLAN, Compass, or Accuplacer)
- 2) Evidence that the student can pass a college-level course (Advanced Placement, Dual Credit, or IB)
- 3) Eligibility for an industry recognized certification (Career Technical Education, SAM School Supplemental)
 Points are given separately for students' participation and for their success. To be considered successful, students must meet established benchmarks. Details are in the School Grading Technical Guide on the PED website at http://webapp2.ped.state.nm.us/SchoolData/SchoolGrading.aspx.

CCR follows the Shared Accountability model used for cohort graduation rates. Cohorts are fully described in the Graduation Technical Manual on the PED website at http://ped.state.nm.us/Graduation/index.html.

50% or Higher			Gen	der		Race	/ Ethnici	ty			Students	English
20% -50% Below 20%		All Students	F	М	White	Afr Amer	Hisp	Asian	Am Indian	Economically Disadvantaged	with Disabilities	Language Learners
Participation (% of Coho	ort)	69	76	62	68	100	66	0	73	62	55	54
Participation (Pts)		3.43										
Success (% of Participar	nts)	73	72	74	74	56	81	-	65	74	68	72
Success (Pts)		7.31										
Percent of School's C	ohort o	f 2014										
Participating	ACT	22.1	27.4	17.2	22.0	<2.0	22.3	<2.0	23.3	10.1	7.0	0.2
in Each	PLAN	8.2	11.5	17.3			10.8		4.1	18.1	7.0	9.3
CCR Opportunity	SAT	<2.0	<2.0	5.3 <2.0	8.6 <2.0	43.8 <2.0	<2.0	<2.0 <2.0	<2.0	4.5 <2.0	3.5 <2.0	<2.0
,,	PSAT			<2.0 8.7								
٨٠٠	uPlacer	10.9	13.4		12.0	43.8	11.6	<2.0	8.6	9.0	<2.0	<2.0
		<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0
Advanced Pla		<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0
	al Credit	44.2	49.3	39.6	41.1	87.5	44.0	<2.0	46.9	41.1	33.4	41.2
International Baccal		<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0
Career Technical Ed		33.1	35.7	30.7	31.6	43.8	34.3	<2.0	33.4	29.5	19.4	22.7
	ompass	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0
SAT Subject Test <2.0		<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	
SAM School Supple	emental	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	12.5	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0

Bonus Points

While most schools provide a sampling of athletics, club participation opportunities, and parent meetings, a few schools stand out among the rest. These schools are recognized for their extraordinary dedication to keeping students invested in school and their efforts in empowering parents to engage actively in their child's education. Bonus points indicate those schools that have gone above and beyond the others.

- ✓ Student Engagement
- ✓ Parental Engagement
- ✓ Extracurricular Activities
- ☐ Truancy Improvement
- **✓** Other

Participation

Schools must include all of their enrolled students in the annual statewide assessment. If the percentage of students is less than 95%, the school's letter grade is reduced by one grade. Supplemental Accountability Model (SAM) schools and small schools with fewer than 100 students receive special consideration.

Reading (%) 100

Math (%) 100

Supplemental Information

Similar Schools

While statewide comparisons are helpful, schools may want to see how they rank next to their peers that have similar students and settings. The figures below show how this school contrasts with other schools in the state that are most like it in student characteristics.

Schools are grouped into categories that have similar proportions of English language learners (ELL), students with disabilities (SWD), ethnicities, economically disadvantaged (ED), and mobile students. Different schools are in each category set. A composite score incorporates all categories into a general measure of atrisk students.

Marika riigii
Ranks Mid
Ranks Low
Students (% Tested)
Current Standing School Growth

Ranks High

School Growth Student Growth, Highest 75% Student Growth, Lowest 25% Opportunity to Learn Graduation

College and Career Readiness

	School Rank											
	Ε	LL	SV	ND	Ethi	Ethnicity		D	Мо	bility	Comp	oosite
l)	13	3.0	1	0.4	7	70.6		63.0		3.7		
	Rank	Total	Rank	Total	Rank	Total	Rank	Total	Rank	Total	Rank	Total
g	32	(35)	31	(36)	29	(35)	32	(36)	34	(36)	31	(36)
h	31	(35)	29	(36)	26	(35)	31	(36)	32	(36)	31	(36)
%	30	(35)	31	(36)	26	(35)	33	(36)	33	(36)	30	(36)
%	31	(35)	33	(36)	32	(35)	31	(36)	29	(36)	33	(36)
n	27	(36)	32	(36)	26	(36)	29	(36)	30	(36)	29	(36)
n	26	(36)	28	(36)	26	(36)	27	(36)	24	(36)	25	(36)
ŝ	26	(36)	26	(36)	28	(36)	23	(36)	26	(36)	24	(36)

School Growth Targets

Customized targets, called School Growth Targets (SGTs), guide a school's path toward proficiency. These goals increase every year and challenge schools to identify student groups that might be struggling to keep up with their peers.

		Target	All Students	Gen	der M	White	Afr Amer	/ Ethnic Hisp	City Asian	Am Indian	Economically Disadvantaged	Students with Disabilities	English Language Learners
Growth	Reading	.0038	N	N	N	N	Y	N		N	N	N	N
Lowest 25% (Q1)	Math	0334	N	N	Y	Y	N	N		N	N	N	N
Growth	Reading	0481	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Highest 75% (Q3) Math	0613	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N
Proficiency	Reading	33.3%	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
	Math	17.6%	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Graduation	4-Year Cohort	75.6%	N	N	N	N	·	N		N	N	N	N

School History

Student performance over time can demonstrate the success of interventions and school reform. Students who score proficient or higher are considered to be performing at grade level. For a more detailed history, see the NMPED website: http://www.ped.state.nm.us/AssessmentAccountability/AcademicGrowth/NMSBA.html.

			Ger	nder	Race / Ethnicity						Students	English
		All Students	F	М	White	Afr Amer	Hisp	Asian	Am Indian	Economically Disadvantaged	with Disabilities	Language Learners
Reading	2015 (%)	20.9	22.9	18.6	34.3	<2.0	24.2	<2.0	10.0	14.9	6.8	<2.0
Proficiency	2014 (%)	39.8	46.2	33.9	53.0		39.5		29.4	36.3	16.7	7.9
	2013 (%)	38.7	47.4	30.2	53.6		37.1		28.1	36.1	10.3	15.0
Math	2015 (%)	5.6	4.3	7.1	11.6	<2.0	6.8	<2.0	<2.0	2.8	<2.0	<2.0
Proficiency	2014 (%)	30.2	28.0	32.3	43.6		28.6		19.9	26.1	13.9	7.9
	2013 (%)	29.1	25.4	32.8	44.5		25.7		20.5	24.9	7.9	10.0

Student

Students who are prepared and progress to a higher grade each year (matriculate) indicate that the school is successfully moving students toward graduation. However, if the school's achievement in reading and math is subpar and yet most students are **Promotion** being promoted, the school may be inattentive to a student's need to repeat grade-level instruction before moving on.

Percent of students scoring Beginning Step (lowest) in the		Ge	nder		Ra	ce / Ethr	nicity			Students	English
prior year advancing to the next grade .	All Students	F	М	White	Afr Amer	Hisp	Asian	Am Indian	Economically Disadvantaged	with Disabilities	Language Learners
Grade 9 to Grade 10 (%)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grade 10 to Grade 11 (%)	94.3	93.5	95.5	-	-	>98.0	-	90.6	94.3	90.9	-
Grade 11 to Grade 12 (%)	>98.0	>98.0	>98.0	-	-	>98.0	-	>98.0	>98.0	>98.0	-

End Notes

- 1 The Statewide C grade was established in the first year of A-F School Grading as the midpoint of all schools. It was fixed in 2011 as the framework for all future letter grades and is not recalculated each year.
- 2 For high schools that do not have members of 4-year, 5-year, or 6-year graduation cohorts, the scale is abbreviated, and letter grades are adjusted to account for the school's remaining non-cohort indicators or non-cohort years.
- 3 A dash is substituted where a school has too few students (N<10) to meet confidentiality requirements for reporting.
- 4 Feeder schools are schools that do not have students in tested grades 3-11.
- 5 During the 2013-2014 and 2014-15 school years, schools across New Mexico conducted assessments on computers. To recognize these efforts, schools that offered the SBA on computers received bonus credit based on the number of students participating.

District Gila

School Gila High School

Evaluation Workflow

Rubric Type Multiple Values

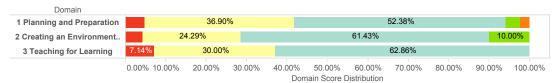
Rubric (Choose one)

Domain All

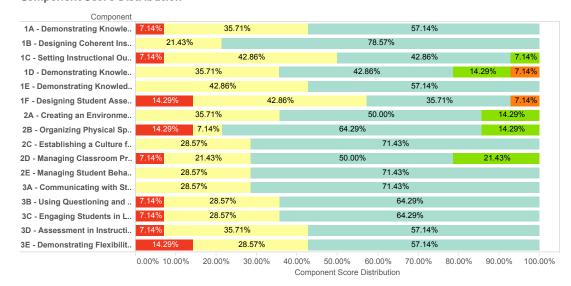
Evaluation Assigned On July 01, 2015 to July 01, 2016



Domain Score Distribution



Component Score Distribution



Gila High School Principal's Syllabus 2016-2017

School Improvement Goals at a Glance

- 1. Within one year, the percentage of all students that are proficient or on track to proficiency (within 3 years) equals the Reading Student Growth Target (SGT) of 33.3%.
- 2. Within one year, the percentage of all students that are proficient or on track to proficiency (within 3 years) equals the Math SGT of 17.6%.
- 3. The growth of the lowest 25% of GHS students will increase by 20%.

Claim to Fame

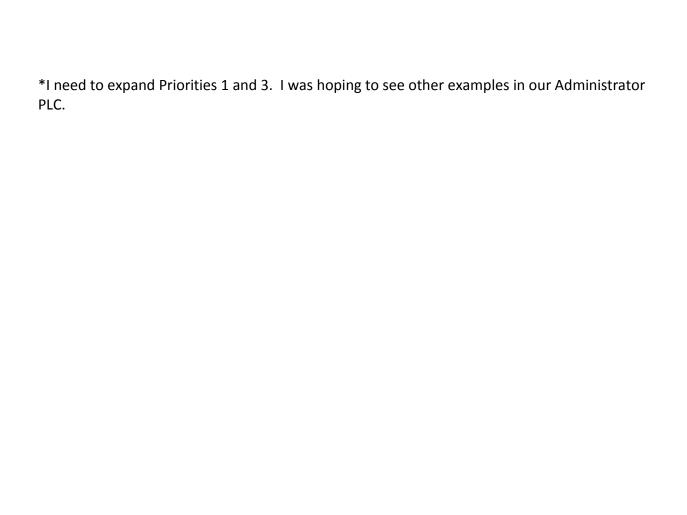
On Demand Data

Demographics	Ach	iievem	ent	Student Success
•	Prof. or Above	ELA	Math	•
	2011	46%	48%	
	2012	50%	47%	
	2013	39%	29%	
	2014	40%	30%	
	2015	21%	5.6%	

Collaboration for Success

Leadership	Department/Grade	Goal Teams
Team	Level Teams	
Philipe Benavidez	Math Department PLC	Math Goal Team
Ella Mann	English Department PLC	ELA Goal Team
Dan Tsosie	Science Department PLC	Student Growth Goal Team
Martha Bitah	Social Studies Department PLC	
Nancy Mulligan	Electives PLC	

Supporting 2016-2017 Priorities										
Priority	Profess	ional	Progress							
	Develop	ment	Measuring							
	Тоо	ls	How, How Often and Data							
Reading Student Growth*			Needed							
Math Student Growth	 Book Study: 7 Strategies for Boys Effective Michael Guria Stevens (ASCI Research-Bas Professional Development supports tead 	Teaching ely by an and Kathy D Express) ed	 1.1 Books purchased and distributed to teachers. 1.2 Book studied during PLC meetings as measured by PLC meeting notes. 1.3 Strategies for teaching boys effectively implemented in classrooms as measured 							
	Moving away from	То	by weekly classroom walkthroughs.							
	Telling/showing how to do something	Building from concept to skill	2.1 Investigate vendors / providers for the PD needed.2.2 Schedule and conduct PD							
	Teacher-centric instruction	as measured by schedule and sign-in sheets.								
	Problem solving intermittently	2.3 Implement new researched-based strategies in Algebra 1								
	A focus on only the answer	A focus on justifying and explaining	classes as measured by weekly classroom walkthroughs.							
	Showing the steps	Explaining the reasoning								
	Problems that require only fast calculations	Problems that require thinking								
3. Growth of the lowest 25%*										



*5 WHYs Root Cause Analysis Worksheet - A Back to the Basics Improvement Template

WHYs Worksheet

Define the Problem: (Insert one of the top prioritized student needs) 5.6% of Gila High School students passed the PARCC Math exams in 2015.

Why is it happening? (Identify each as a concern, influence or control.)

1. PARCC Math exams are based on Common Core Math →Why is Standards (CCSS) and students are not performing successfully that? on the exams. (concern) 2. There is no common CCSS-based curriculum for Algebra I, →Why is Geometry or Algebra II and no common formative that? assessments. (concern) 3. Math teachers do not met regularly in PLCs and have had →Why is almost no professional development in the past three years. that? (control) 4. There is no common prep time for teachers to meet in PLCs. →Why is (control) that?

Caution: If your last answer is something you cannot control go back up to previous answer.

→Why is

that?

*(Provided as a free template by The IPL LLC)

for the Math Department. (control)

5. The Master Schedule has not prioritized common prep time

Data Driven Instruction

Gila Municipal School District - Principal's 90 Day Plan

School: Gila High School			Date: August 2016			Review Dates: August 2016, September 2016, October 2016			
Principal:			Mentor:			Turnaround Leader:			
Area of Focus	Data Connection	F	Action Items	What It Will Take	Responsible	Person	Timeline/Date	Progress Measurement	
Lever: Data Driven Instru	uction								
What specific problem are you trying to solve? (Write as S.M.A.R.T. goal)	What data led you to this goal?	How will you address the specific challenge? (Include the actions you will take)		How will you move the action forward? What specific steps will you take?	Who is respon ensuring that th complete	e action is	When will you accomplish each action?	How will you measure progress toward the goal?	
 GHS Math Department will align Algebra I to CCSS and unpack the standards by August 15, 2016. GHS Math Department will design common student assessments for Algebra I by August 15, 2016. GHS Math Department will meet weekly with the Department Head to do common planning for Algebra I and to analyze common assessment data. 	GHS School Report Cards data from 2015, 2014 and 2013.	1.		1.	GHS Principal, I Department He Teachers		1.	1.	

Limit focus to two key levers/areas: Data-driven Instruction and School Culture.